

Techniques for Managing White-tailed Deer:



**- Boone & Crockett
Scoring System**

**- Scoring in the
Field**

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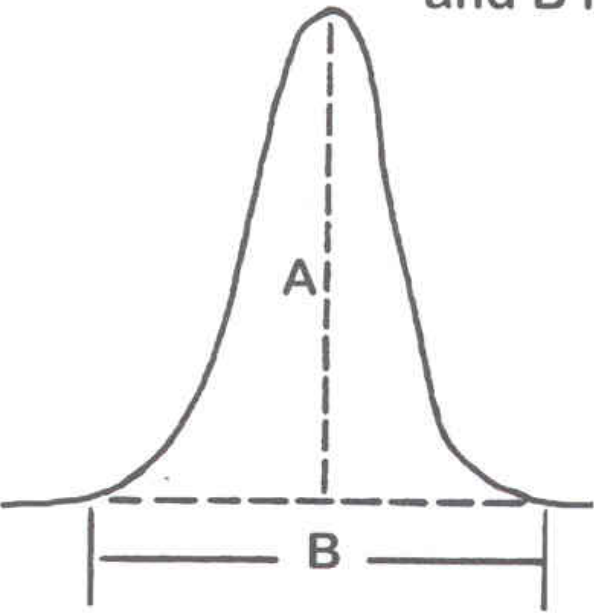


Why?

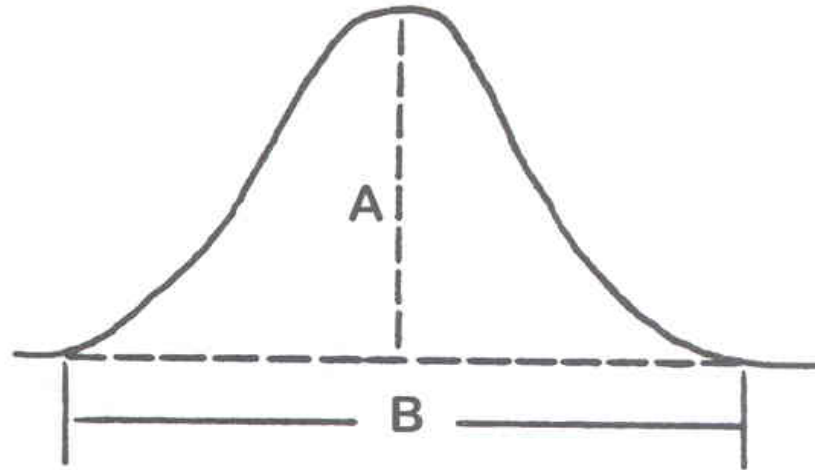
General Antler Configurations



THIS IS A POINT.
A is longer than 1"
and B is less than A.

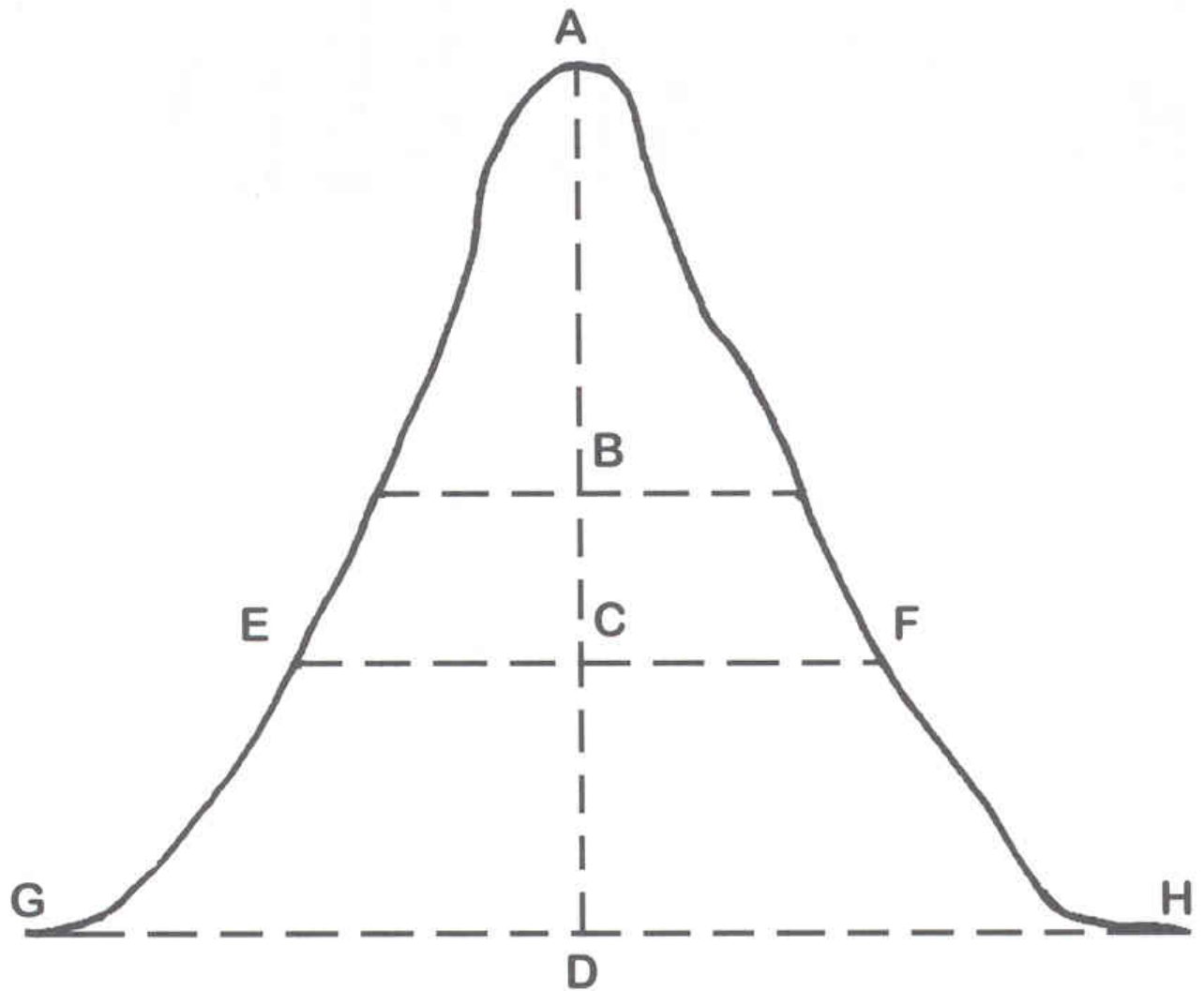


THIS IS NOT A POINT.
A is longer than 1"
and B is more than A.

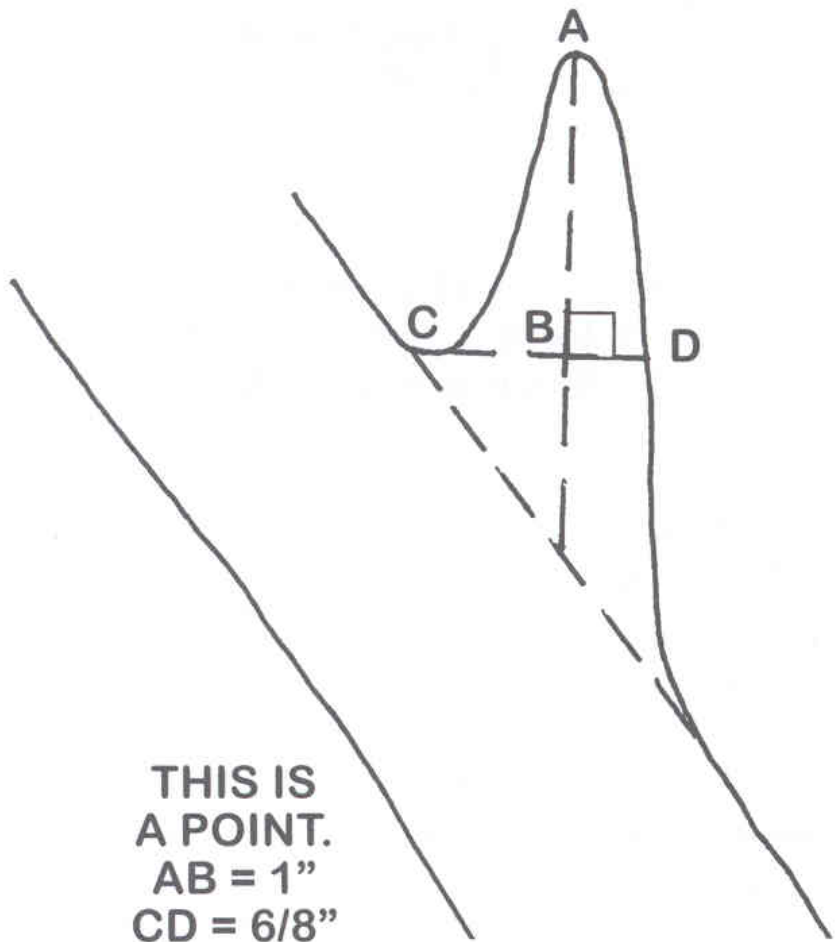


Point Qualifications

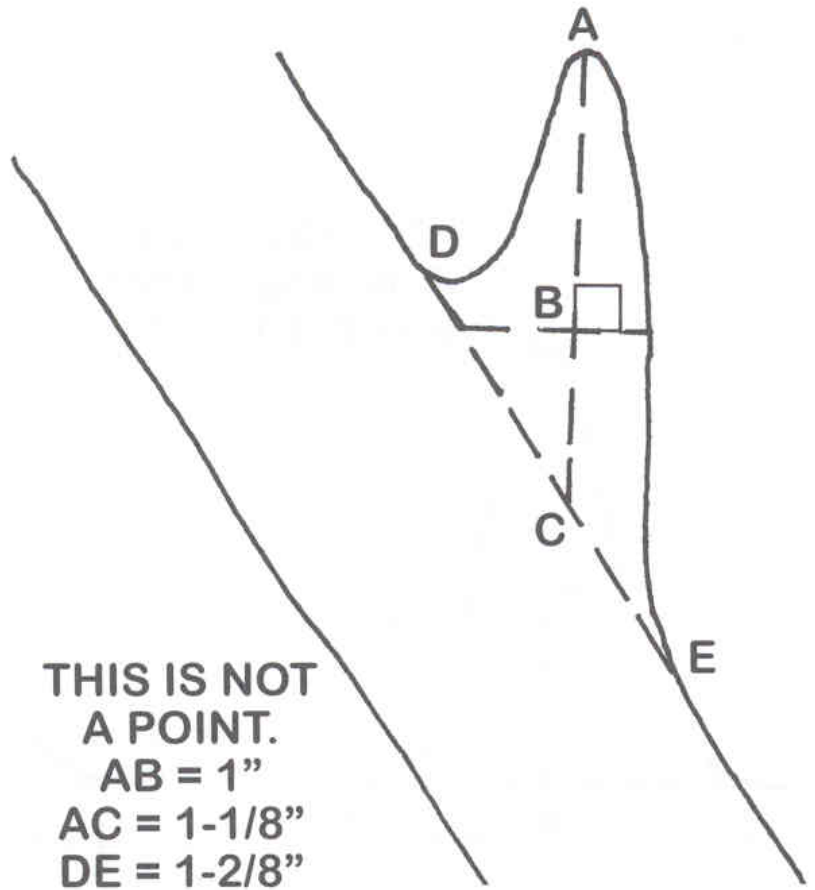
THIS IS A POINT.
 GH is greater than
 AD. Because AB is
 1", and AC is
 longer than EF is
 wide, this is a
 point. Measure
 length AD.



Point Qualifications

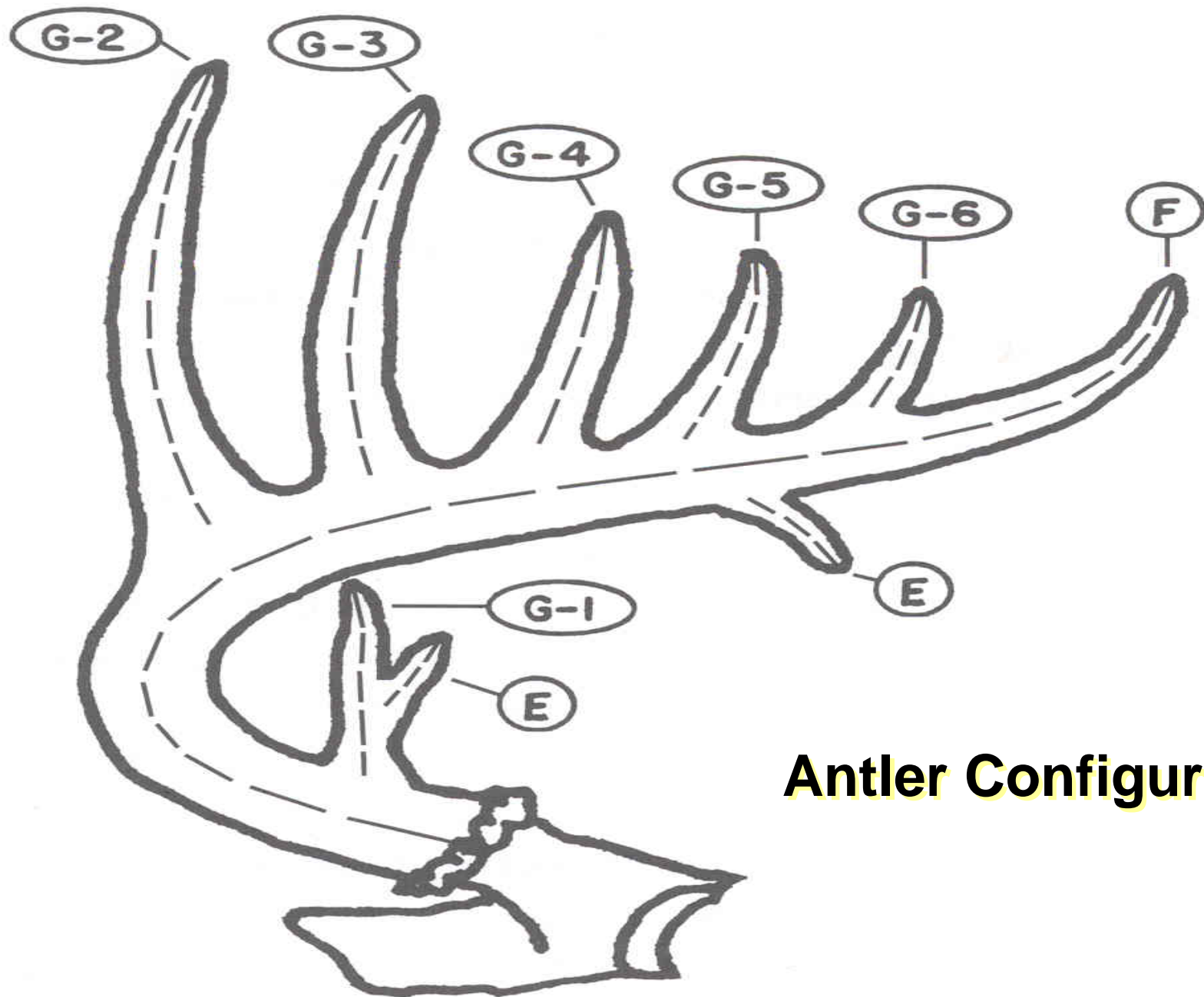


THIS IS
A POINT.
AB = 1"
CD = 6/8"

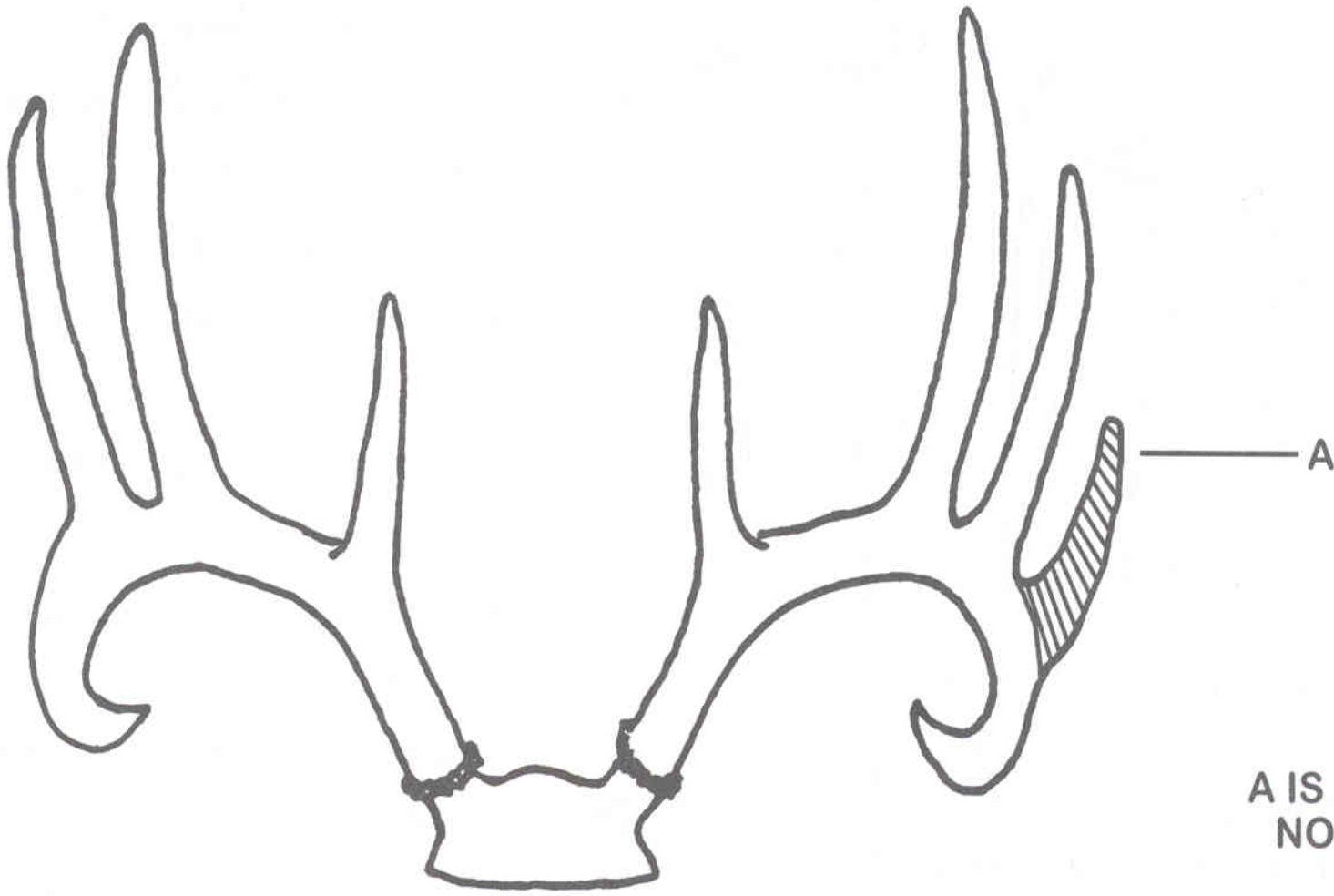


THIS IS NOT
A POINT.
AB = 1"
AC = 1-1/8"
DE = 1-2/8"

Point Qualifications



Antler Configurations



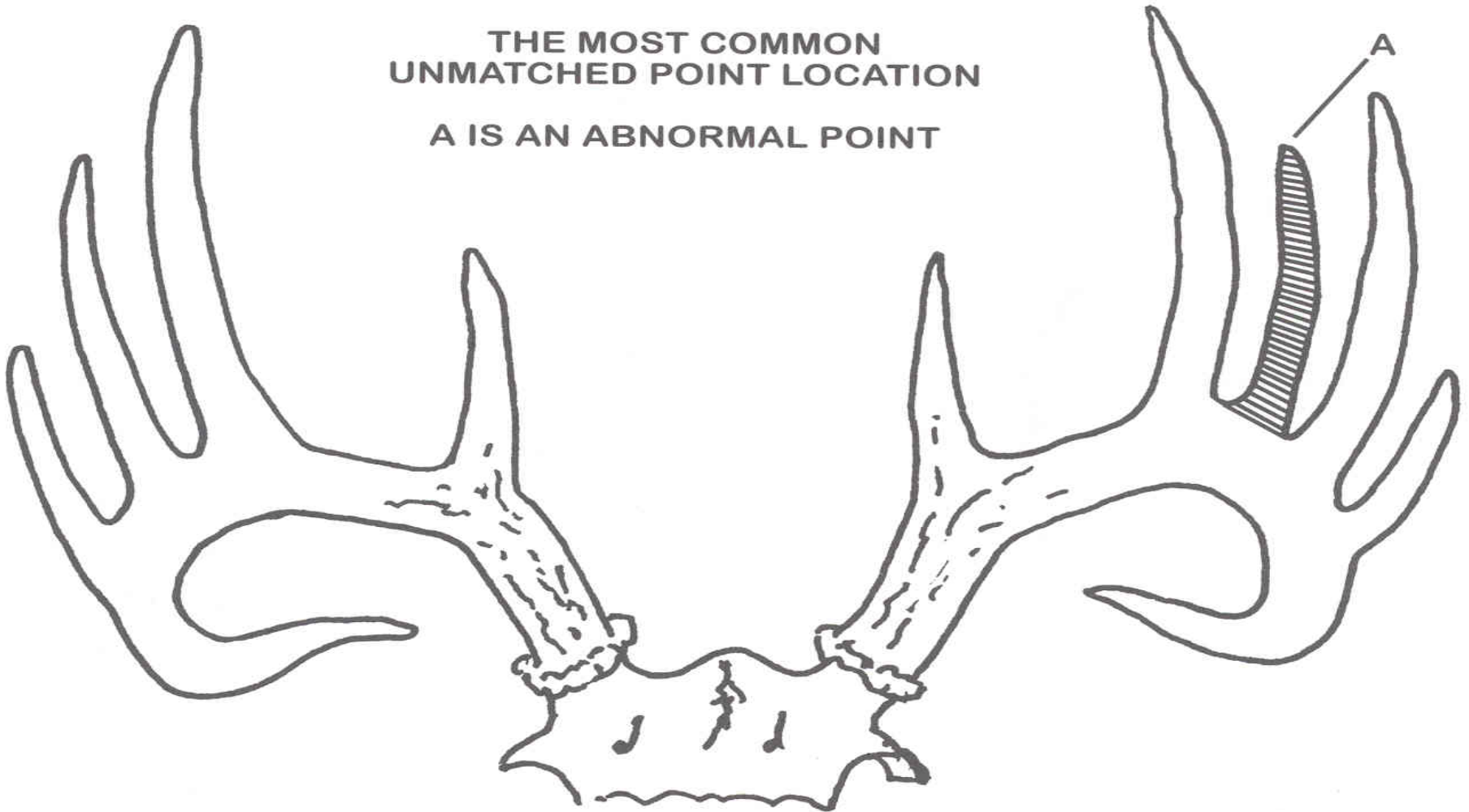
A IS AN UNPAIRED
NORMAL POINT

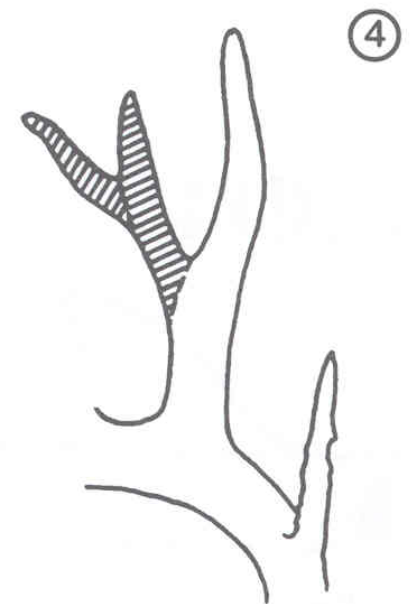
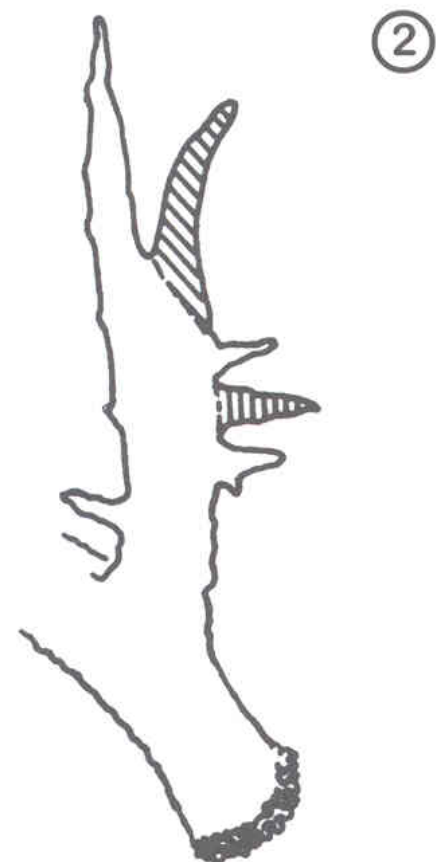
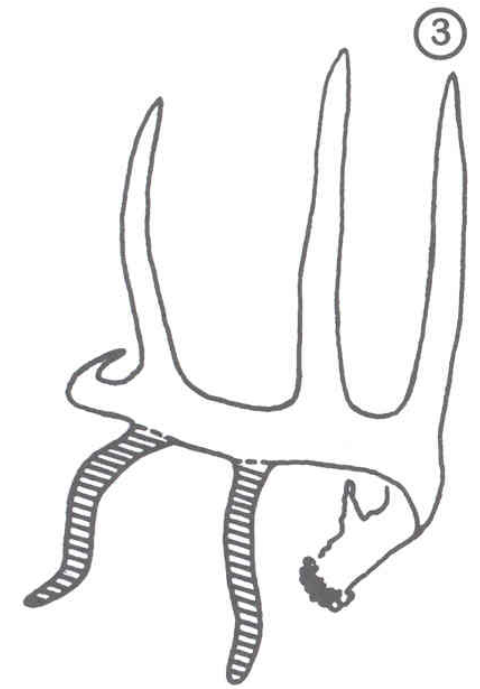
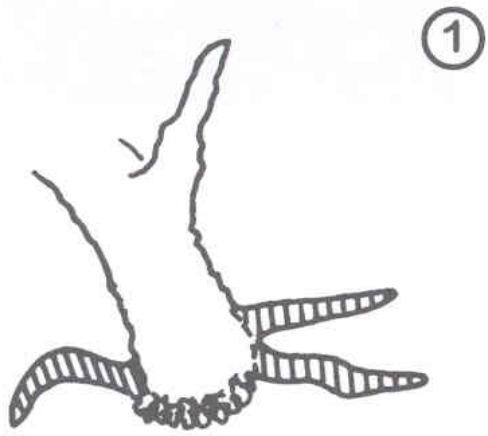
Antler Configurations

Antler Configurations

THE MOST COMMON
UNMATCHED POINT LOCATION

A IS AN ABNORMAL POINT

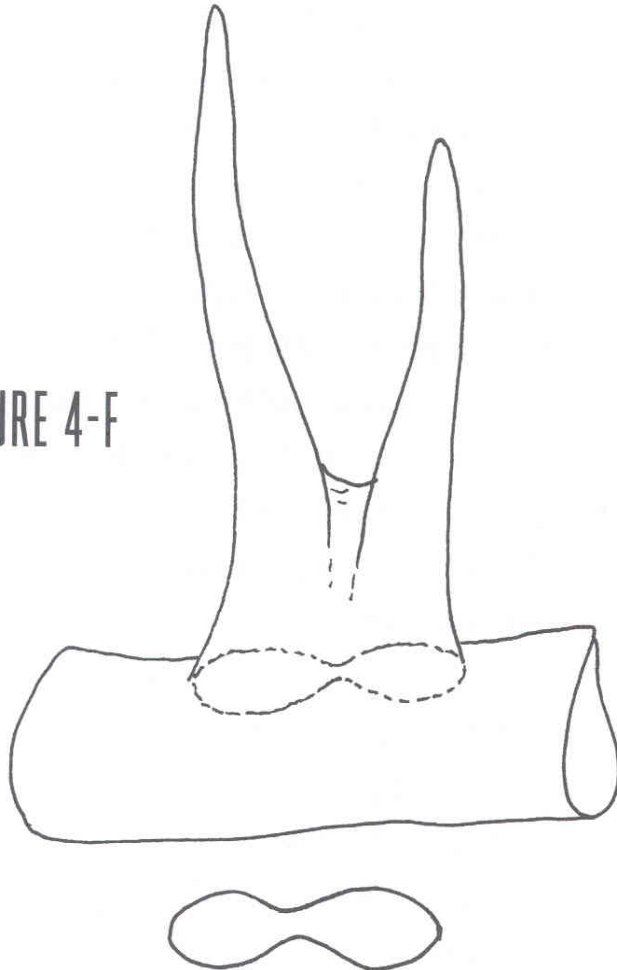




Abnormal Points

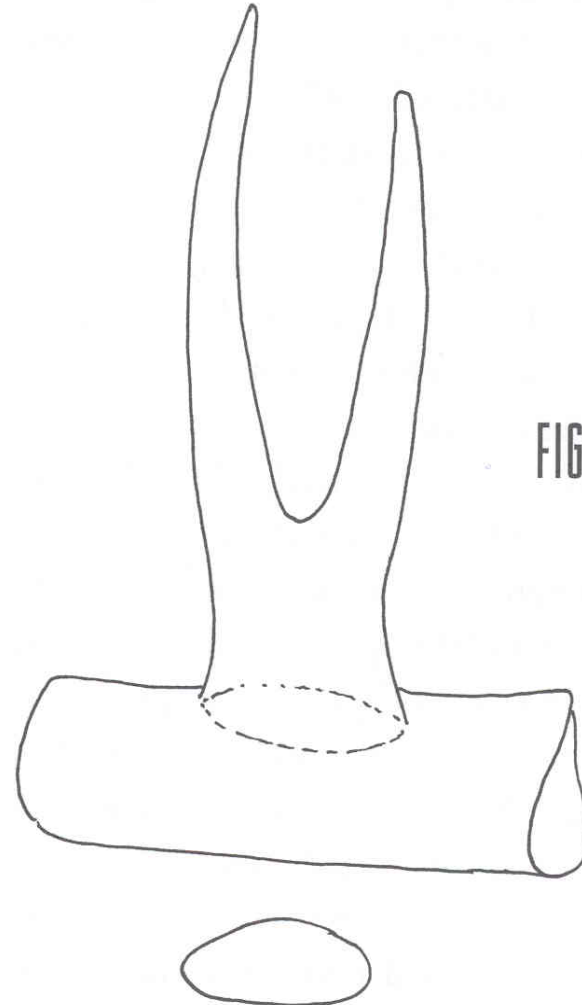
Common Base Points

FIGURE 4-F



COMMON BASE POINTS

FIGURE 4-G



NOT COMMON BASE POINTS

Common Base Points

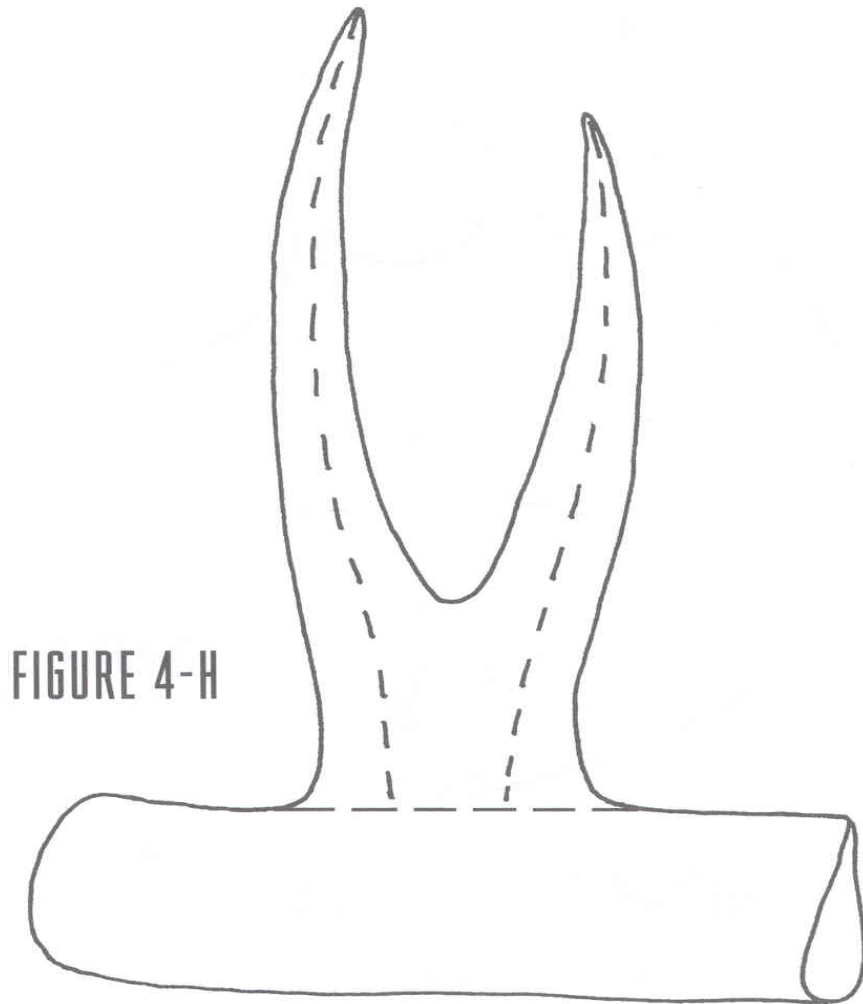


FIGURE 4-H

COMMON BASE POINTS
ON ONE SIDE

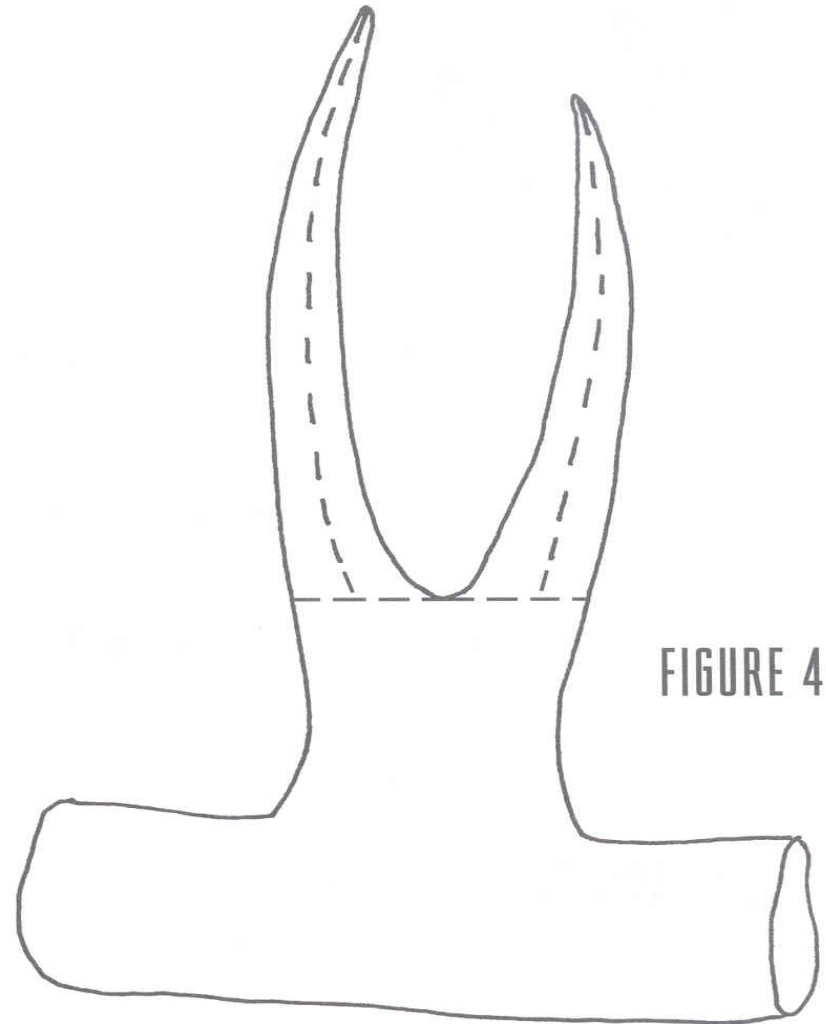
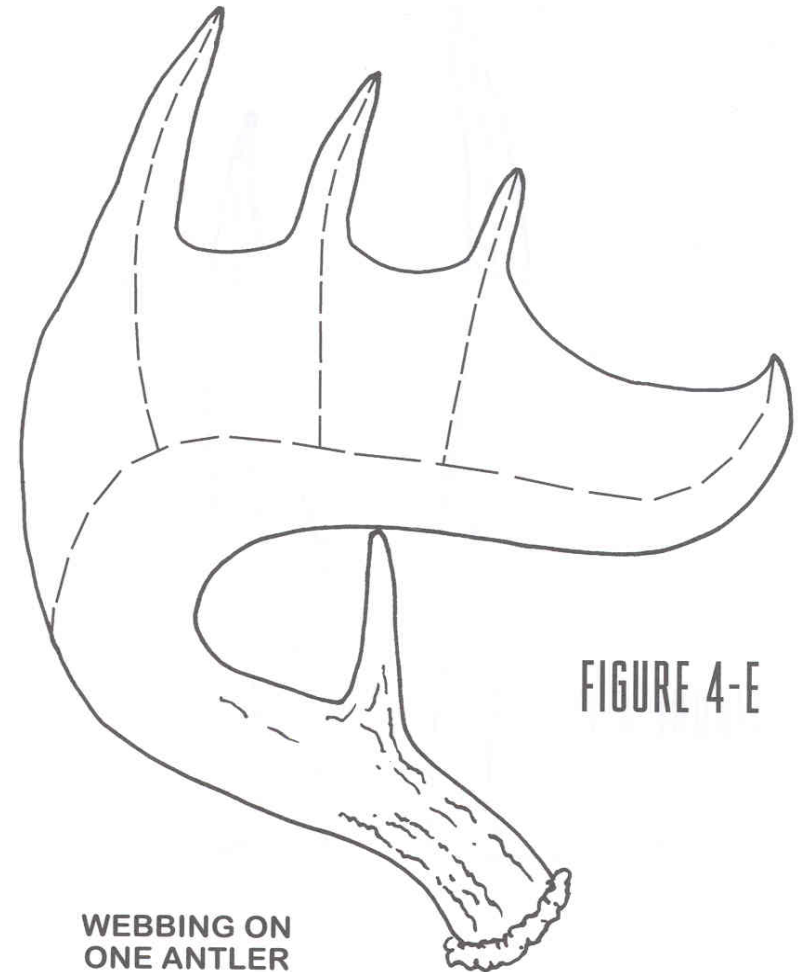
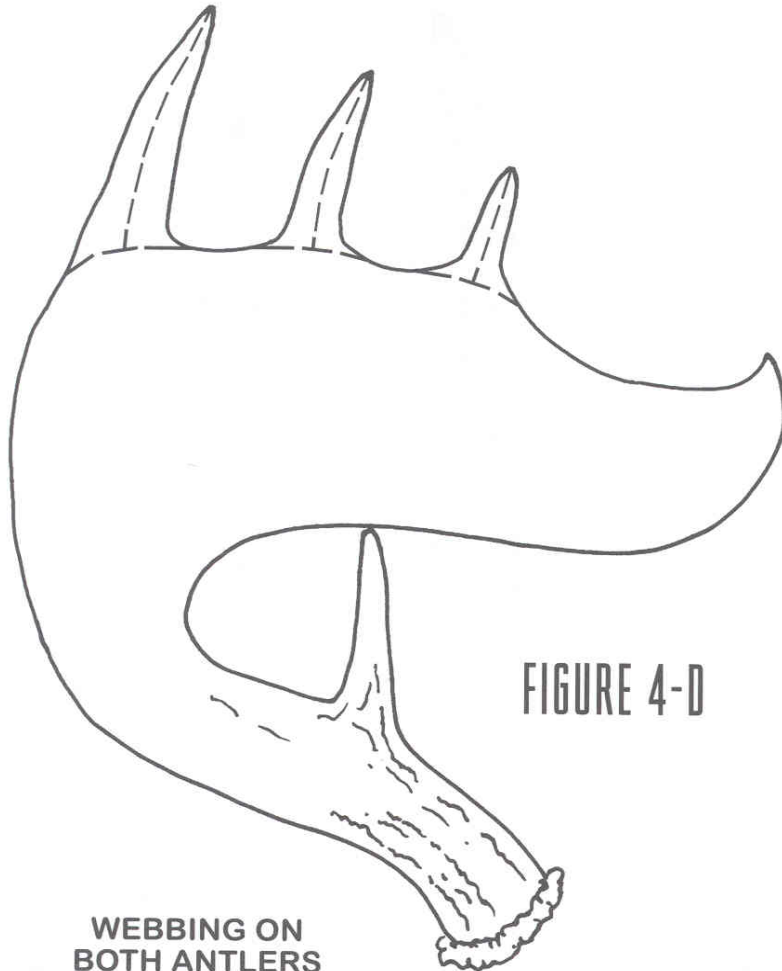


FIGURE 4-I

MATCHING COMMON BASE POINTS
ON BOTH SIDES

Webbed Antlers



Circumference Measurements:

- H 1

- H 2

- H 3

- H 4

Always take 4
circumferences

- At SMALLEST POINT

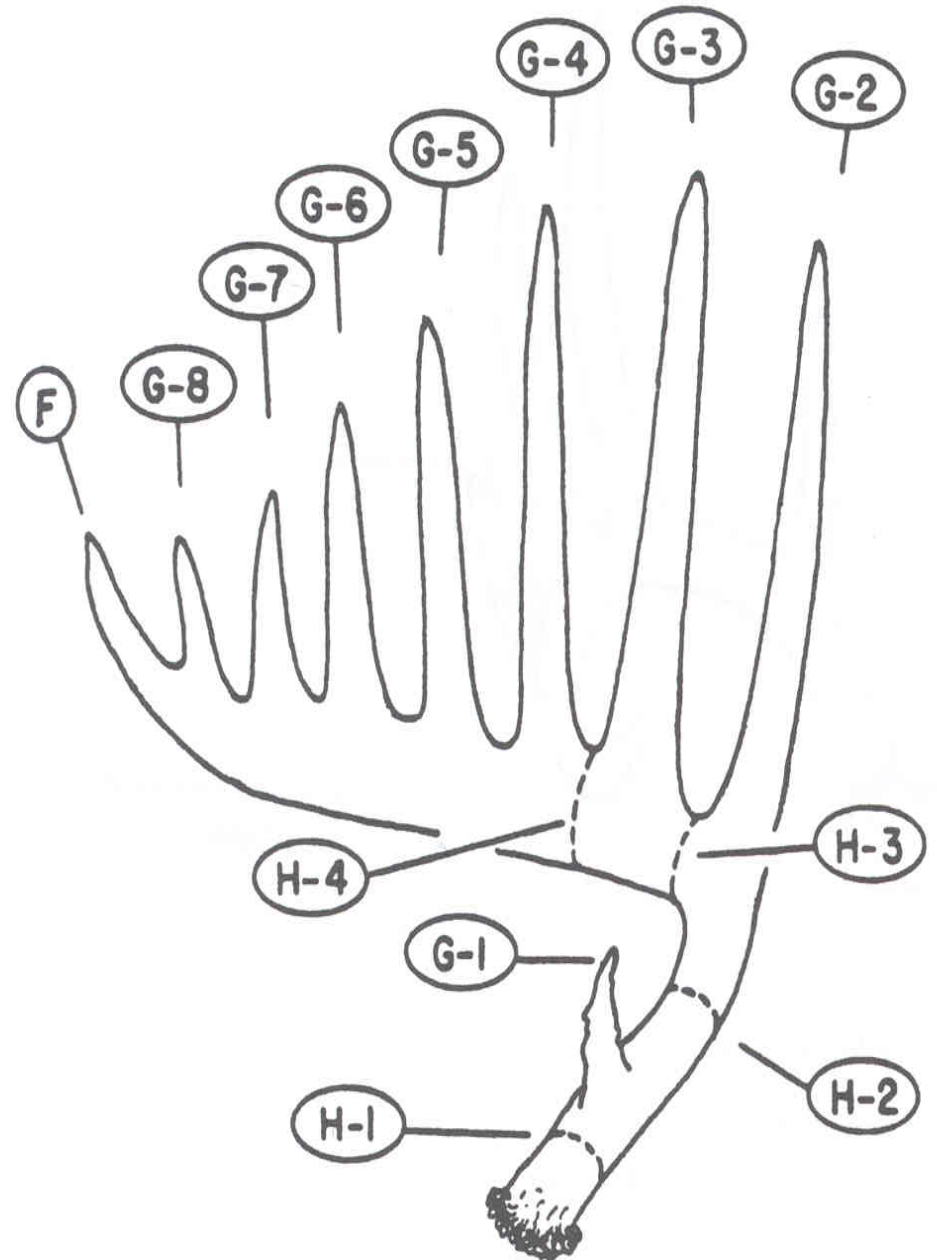
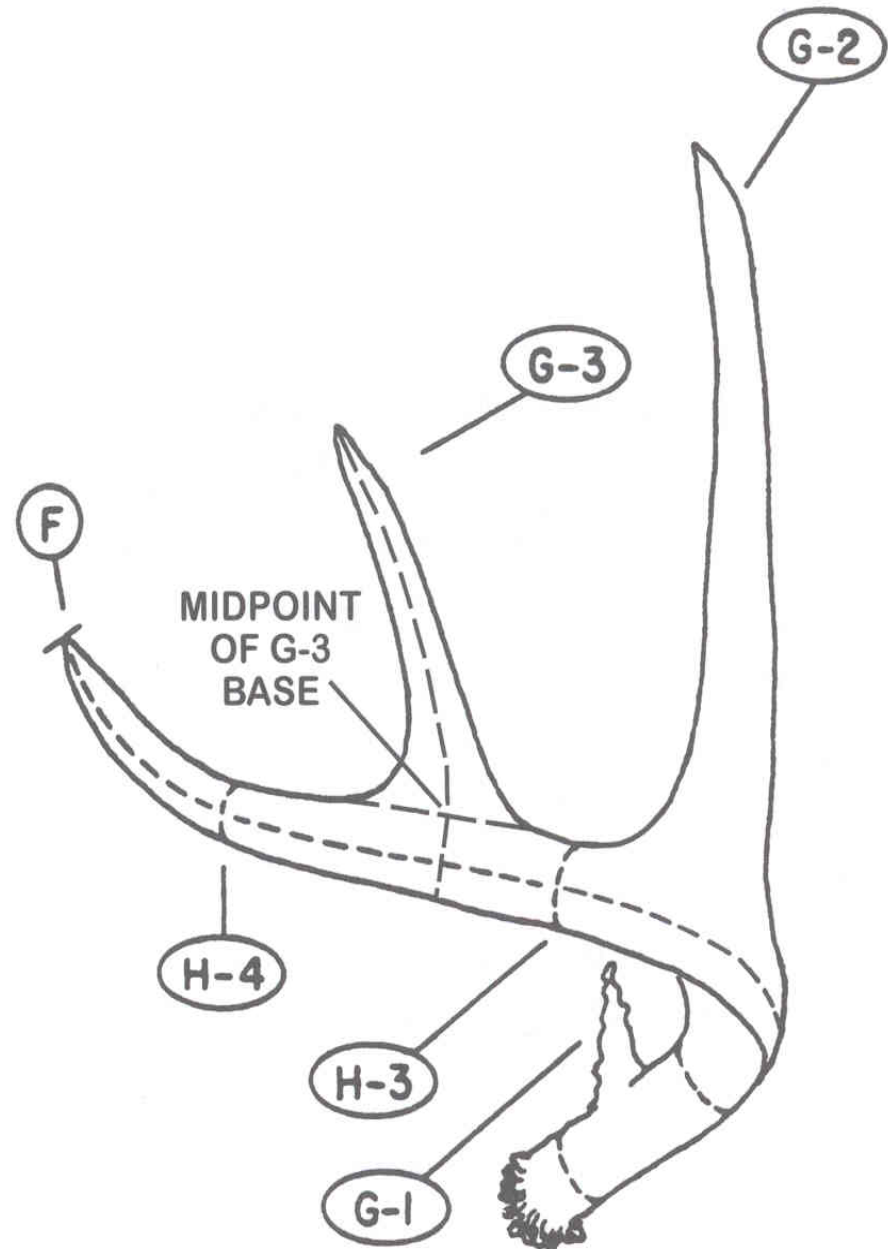


FIGURE 6-E

Circumference Measurements

- The H 4 measurement on an 8 point is taken at the MIDPOINT between the G-3 and the tip of the mainbeam



H-4 circumference.

Inside Spread Measurements:



FIGURE 6-I

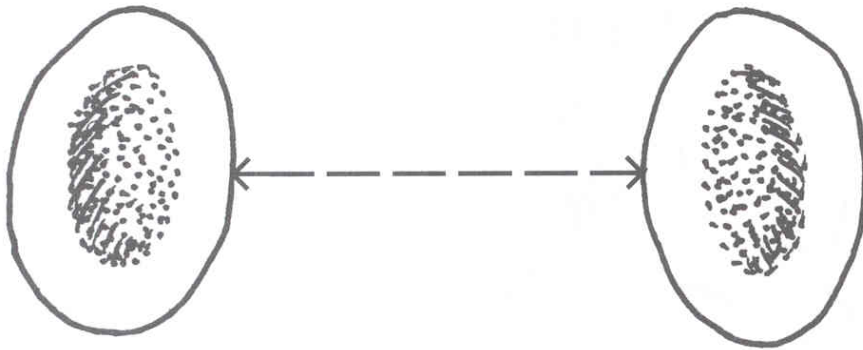
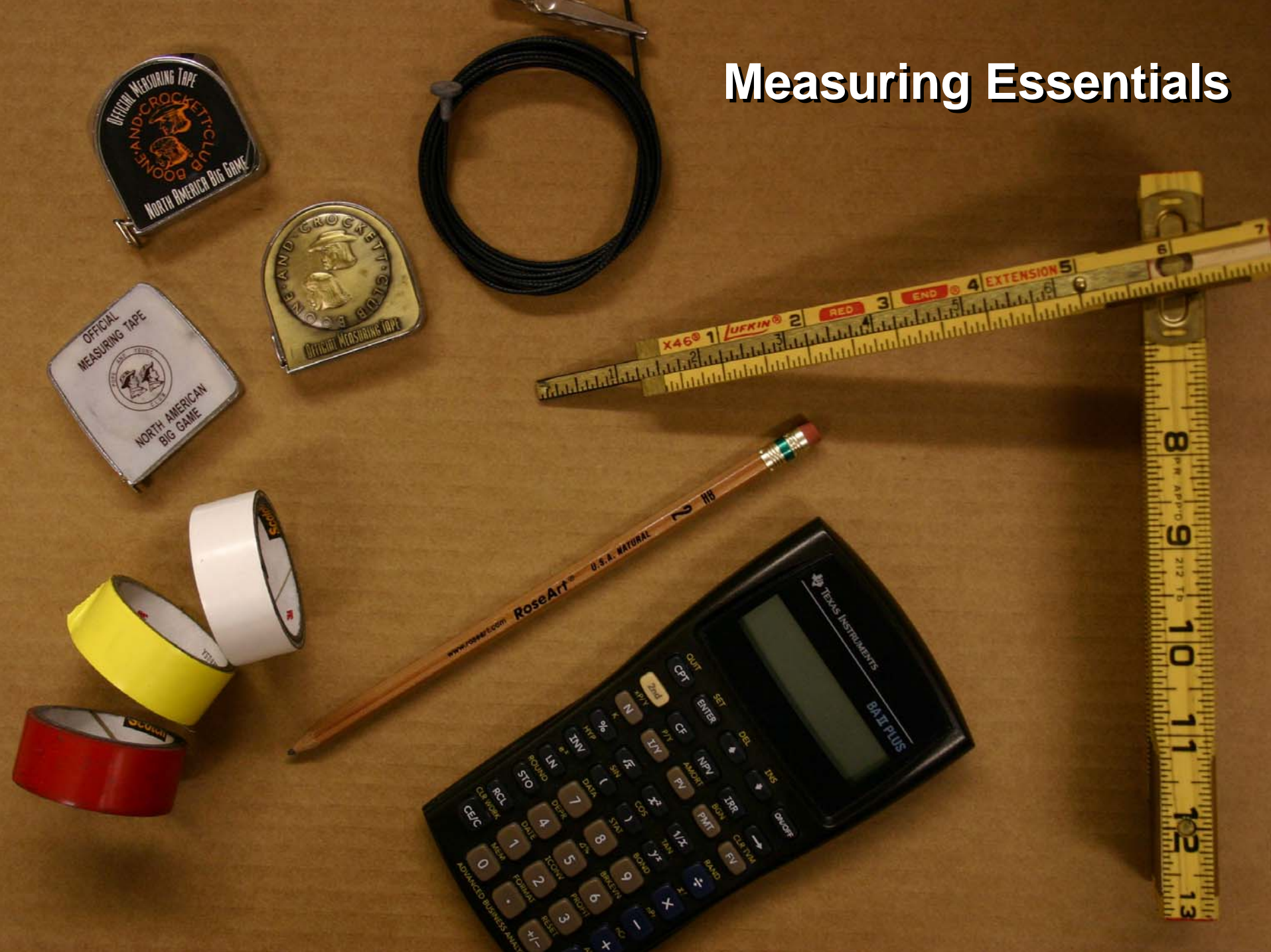


FIGURE 6-J

Scoring Your Deer !!



Measuring Essentials



Identify Points:

- Non-typical
- Typical
- Points > 1"
- Total Points



Measuring Main Beam Length





Measuring Tine Lengths



Measuring Tine Lengths:

- Use Cable
- Alligator Clip
- Pencil
- Carpenter's Ruler



Circumference Measurements:

- H 1

- H 2

- H 3

- H 4

Always take 4
circumferences

- At SMALLEST POINT

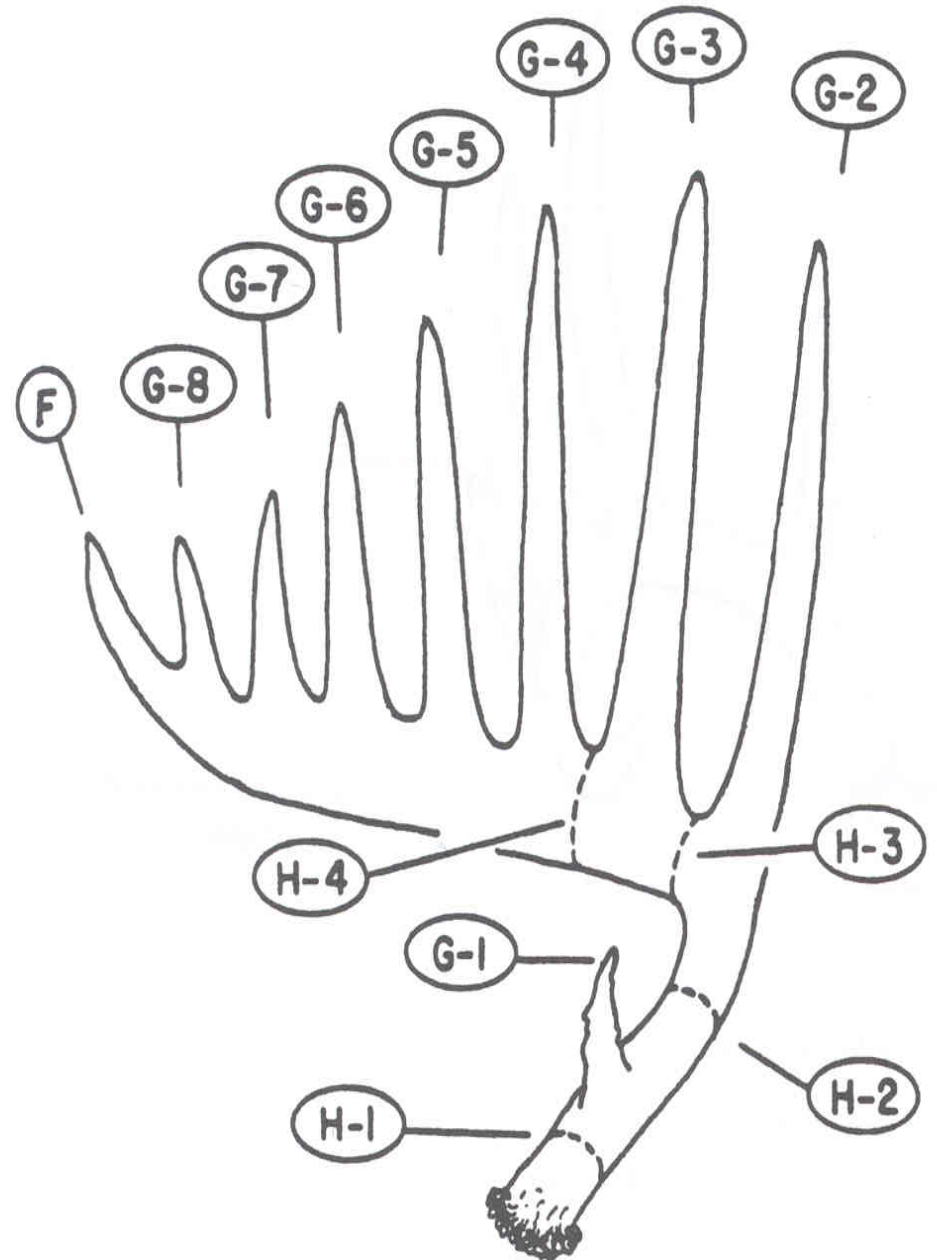


FIGURE 6-E

Inside Spread Measurement:

-- Must be Perpendicular
to the Forehead

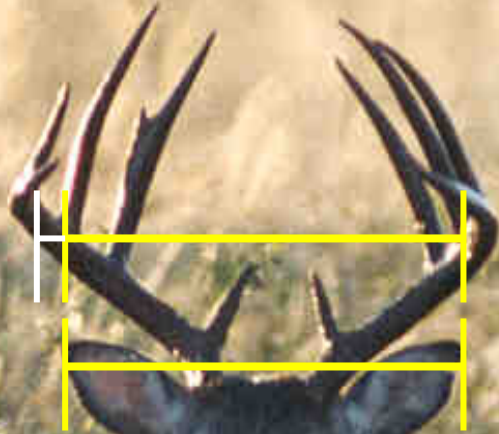




Field Judging B&C Score on the Hoof !!



FIELD JUDGING *INSIDE SPREAD*



Use *TIP-TO-TIP*
EAR SPREAD,
which averages
16 INCHES

In this case,
you would add
one inch to the
tip-to-tip spread
for an estimated
inside spread of **17 INCHES**

...then compare the tip-to-tip
spread to the inside spread and
ADD or **SUBTRACT INCHES**
accordingly.

FIELD JUDGING *TINE LENGTHS*

Right side:

G1 - 4''

G2 - 9''

G3 - 8''

G4 - 4''

Equals **25''**

Now, **DOUBLE** this estimate for the matching side and **ADD** or **SUBTRACT** for differences. In this case, add 1'' for the G3 and 4'' for the G4 which equals 30'' for the left side and 55'' total.



Use *EAR LENGTH*, which averages **5 INCHES**

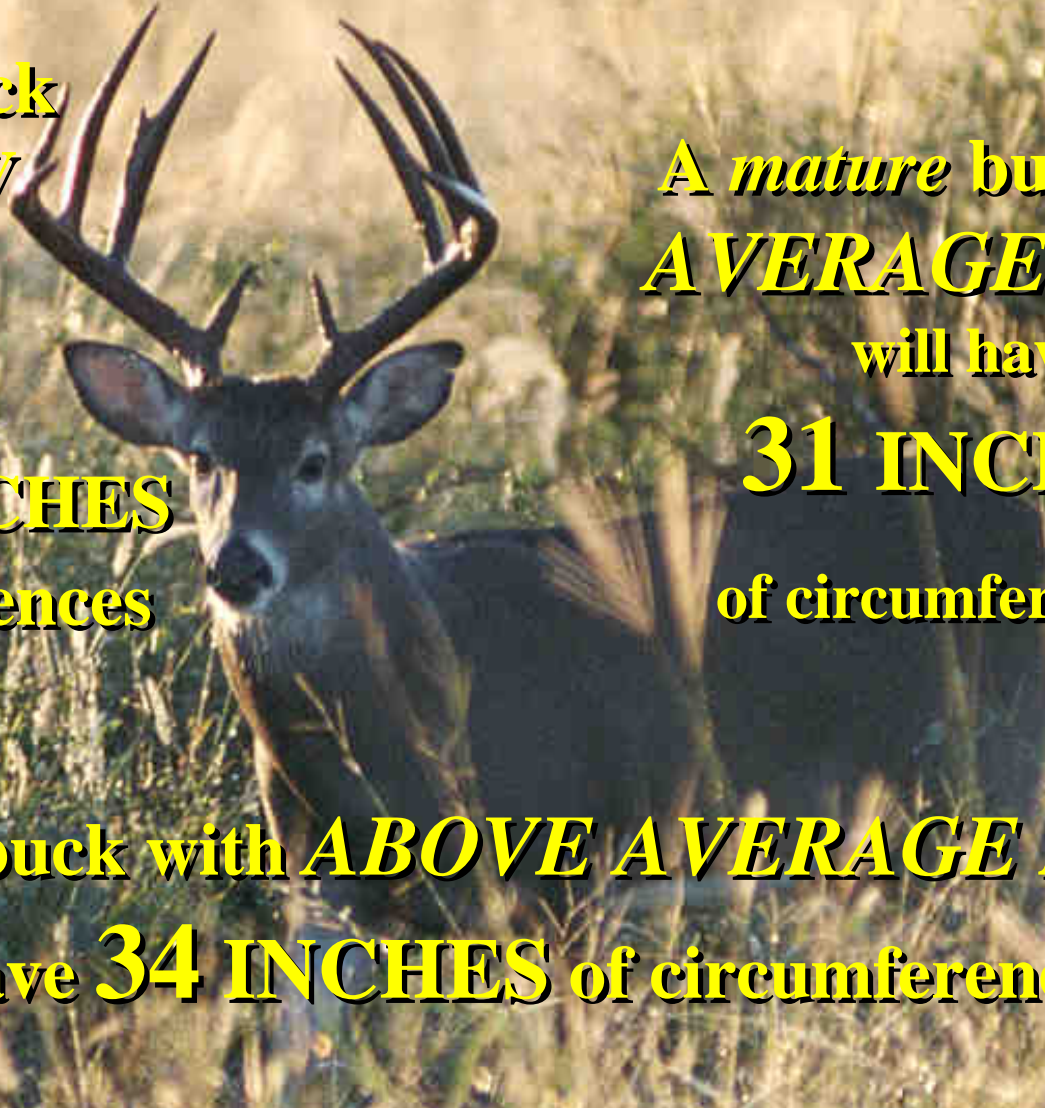
...then compare the ear length to the individual tines on *ONE BEAM* and **ADD or **SUBTRACT INCHES** accordingly.**

FIELD JUDGING MASS

*A mature buck with **BELOW AVERAGE MASS** will have **28 INCHES** of circumferences*

*A mature buck with **AVERAGE MASS** will have **31 INCHES** of circumferences*

*A mature buck with **ABOVE AVERAGE MASS** will have **34 INCHES** of circumferences*



FIELD JUDGING *BEAM LENGTH*

A mature
buck with
BELOW
AVERAGE
BEAM LENGTH
will have **19**
INCH BEAMS

A mature buck with
AVERAGE BEAM
LENGTH will have
22 INCH BEAMS

A mature buck with ***ABOVE AVERAGE BEAM***
LENGTH will have **25 INCH BEAMS**



ADDING IT ALL UP

Inside Spread – 17 INCHES

Tine Lengths – 55 INCHES

Mass – 31 INCHES

Beams – 44 INCHES

TOTAL – 147 INCHES

Now, ***“FRAME THE SCORE”***:

the buck will gross score 145-150”

OFFICIAL B&C MEASURER

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